Page 3, lines 10-11:

A1

Figure 4 is a top view of an embodiment of the subject invention securing wiring to a metal framing member, with screws securing the sides of the subject clip to the metal framing member.

Page 3, lines 14-15:

A2

Figure 6 is a top view of a specific embodiment of the present invention wherein the wire receiving area opens outward such that the wiring can be placed into the wire receiving area after the wiring clip is attached to the framing member.

Page 4, lines 12-24:

In a preferred method of use, the wiring is positioned with respect to the framing member prior to securing the wiring clip **10** to the framing member. As shown in Figures 4 and 5, the wiring can then be secured in the proper location on the metal framing member **40** by securing the J-hook **22** at the end **20** of the first arm **16** about the first inner edge **42** of the metal framing member **40**. The wiring clip **10** can then be positioned over the metal framing member **40** such that the electric wiring is within the wire receiving area **12**. The wiring clip **10** can then be secured to the metal framing member **40** by clipping end **24** of the second arm **18** about the second inner edge **44** of the metal framing member **40**. The end **24** permits the wiring clip **10** to be removably attached to the metal framing member **40**, such that the wiring clip **10** can be temporarily removed from the metal framing member **40** to, for example, install additional wiring. If desired, the wiring clip **10** can be further secured by crimping the end **24** of the second arm **18** to match the contours of the second inner edge **44** of the metal framing member **40**.

A3

Page 4, line 25 through page 5, line 5:

Preferably, sides **16** and **18** are thin enough so as to not impair proper placement of dry wall, or other covering material, onto the sides of the metal framing members. In addition, it is preferable that sides **16** and **18** allow drywall screws, or other covering fastening screws, to easily penetrate through sides **16** and **18** and into the side of the framing member **40**. In a specific embodiment, as shown in Figure 4, the wiring clip **10** can be further secured to the framing member **40** by means of a

secondary attachment device, such as a screw **30** or other similar means. To secure, a screw **30** can be driven through, for example, the first arm **16** and/or the second arm **18** and into the metal framing member **40**. Preferably, the protrusion of the secondary attachment device should be such as to not interfere with proper placement of dry wall, or other covering material, onto the sides of the metal framing members.

Page 5, lines 6-16:

Referring to Figure 6, a specific embodiment of the subject wiring clip is shown wherein the wire receiving area opens outward such that the wiring can be placed into the wire receiving area after the wiring clip is attached to the framing member. Alternatively, in this embodiment the wiring can be secured in the wire receiving area prior to securing the wiring clip to the framing member. As shown in Figure 6, once a wire is positioned in the wire receiving area **12**, sides **46** and **48** can be pushed toward each other and snapped together so as to secure the wire within the wire receiving area. As needed, the snap mechanism **50** holding sides **46** and **48** together can be a one-time snap or can be an open-and-close snap. Also, other closure mechanisms can be used. For example, friction can be relied on to hold the wiring between sides **46** and **48**. Preferably, the wiring clip of Figure 6 can be made of a flexible plastic or other appropriate material.

Page 9, lines 1-12 (abstract):

A wiring clip for securing electrical wiring to metal framing members. In a specific embodiment, the subject clip can secure the wiring a required distance from the nearest edge or face of the metal framing member to which a wall board is to be secured. The wire clip generally resembles an open frame having a wire receiving area formed in the main body, where the wire receiving area is centrally located within the main body. The wire clip is generally of U-shaped configuration, with two arms being joined to the main body. The end of the first arm is bent to form a J-hook, such that the J-hook can be hooked about a first inner edge of a metal stud. The end of the second arm comprises a clip, such that the clip can be removable, secured about the second inner edge of the metal stud. The arms, as well as the main body, are resilient, such that the arms and the main body will embrace the metal stud.